

Outline

- What is part of speech tagging?
- Markov chains
- Hidden Markov models
- Viterbi algorithm
- Example
- Coding assignment!

What is part of speech?

Why not learn something ?

adverb adverb

verb

noun

punctuation
mark,
sentence
closer

Part of speech (POS) tagging

Part of speech tags:

lexical term	tag	example
noun	NN	something, nothing
verb	VB	learn, study
determiner	DT	the, a
w-adverb	WRB	why, where
...	...	

Why not learn something ?

WRB RB VB NN .

Applications of POS tagging



Named entities



Co-reference resolution



Speech recognition

Example

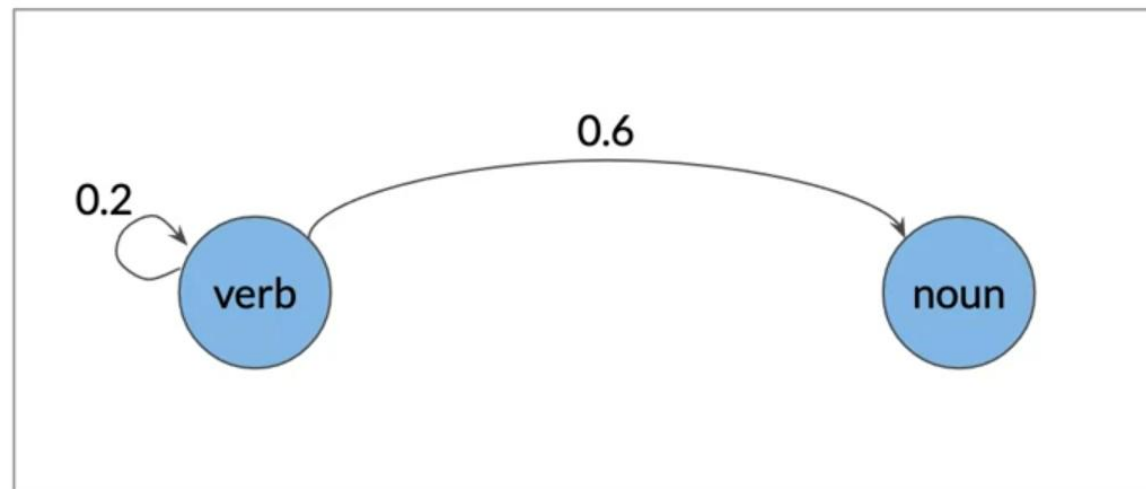
Why not learn  ...

verb **verb?**
 noun?
 ... ?

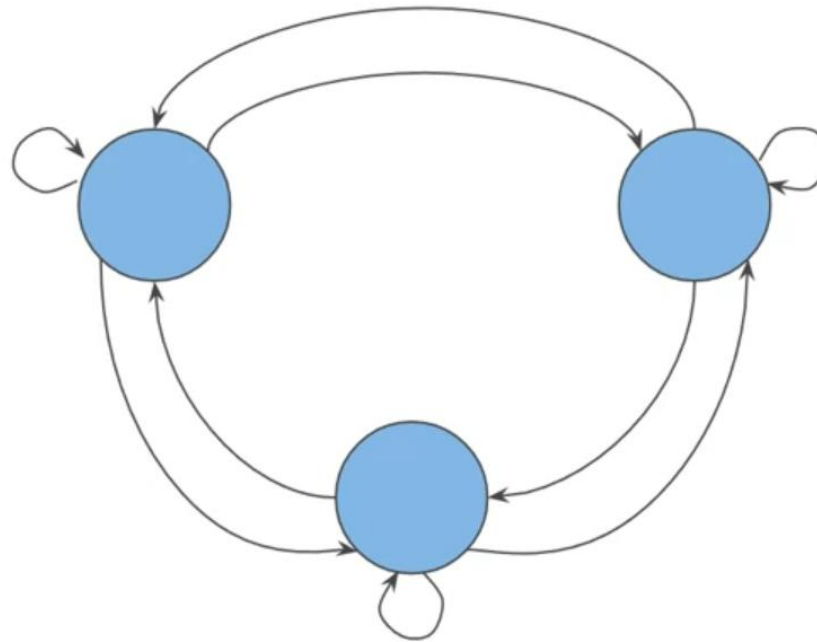
Part of Speech Dependencies

Why not learn  ...
verb verb?
 ↘ noun?
 ...?

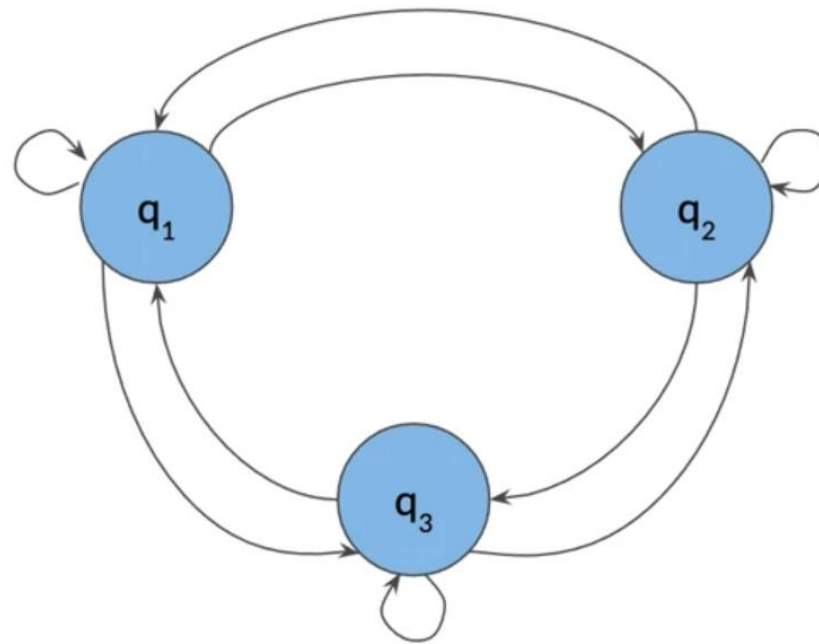
Visual Representation



What are Markov chains?

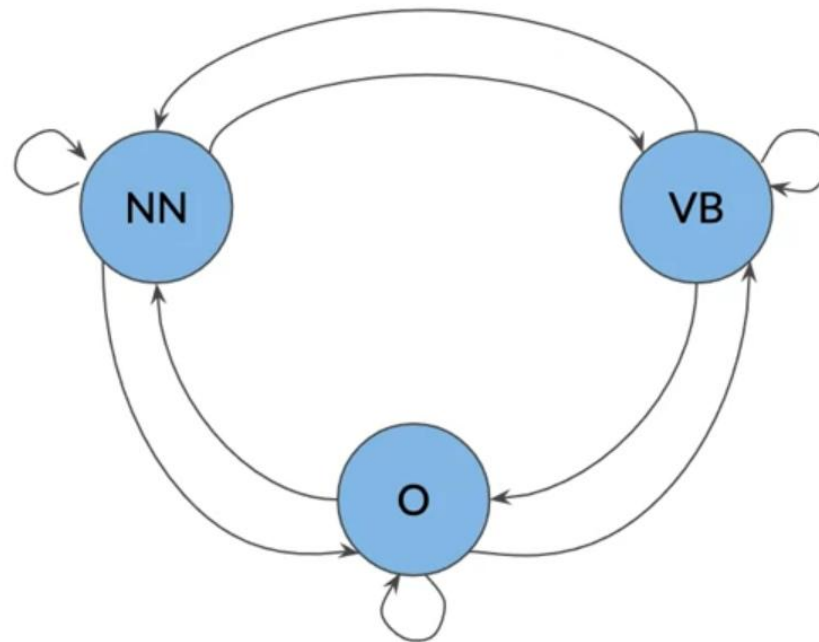


States

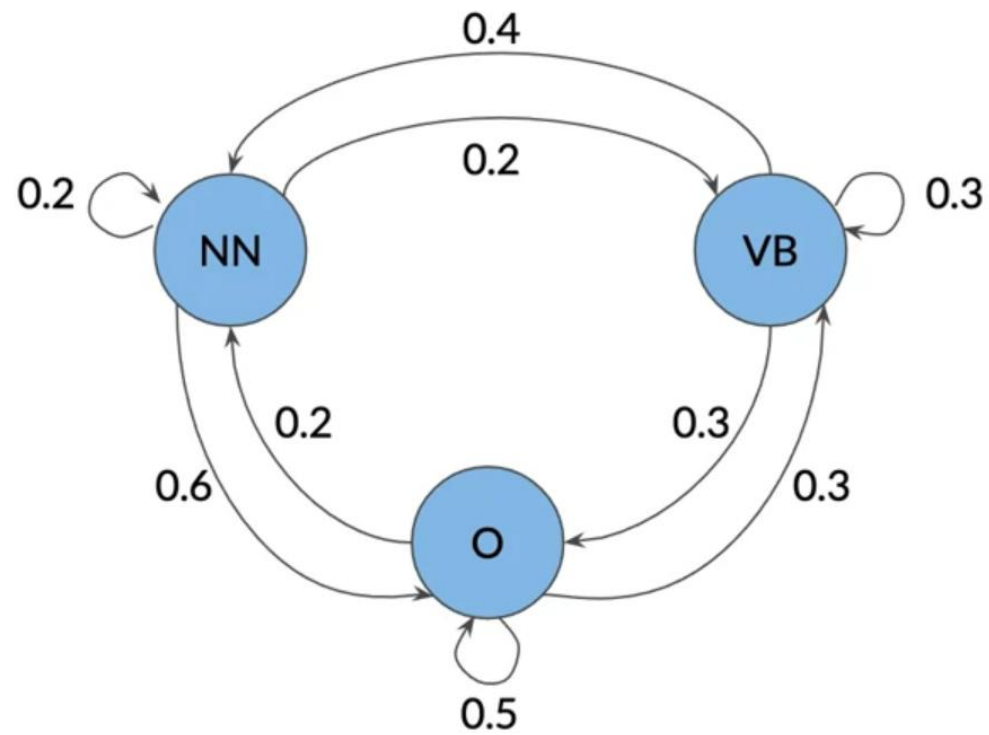


$$Q = \{q_1, q_2, q_3\}$$

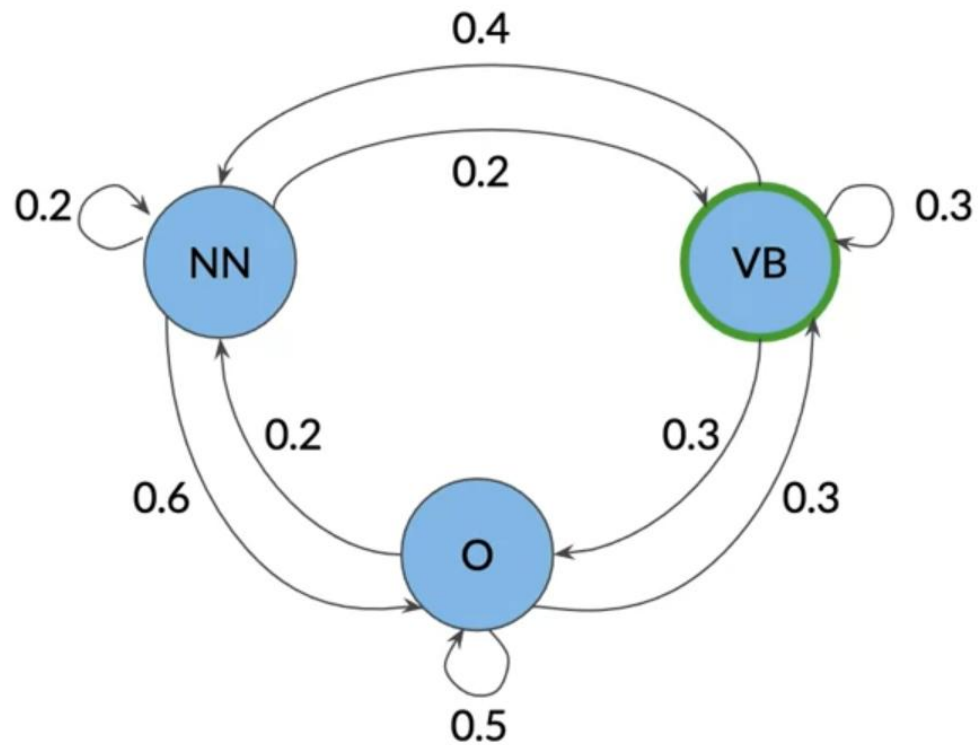
POS tags as States



Transition probabilities

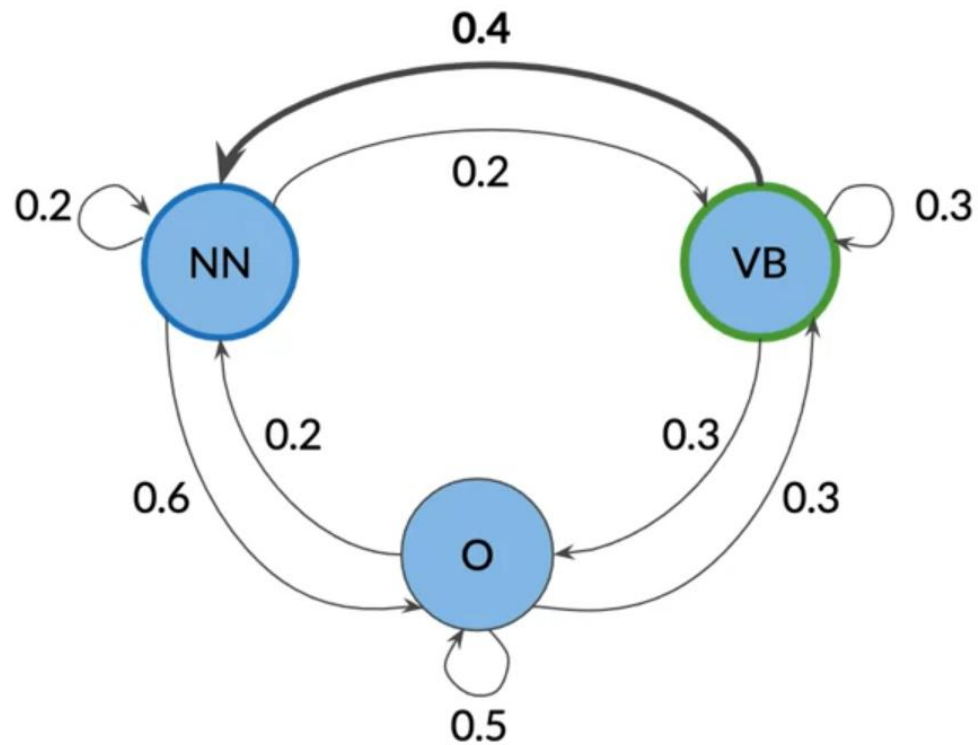


Transition probabilities



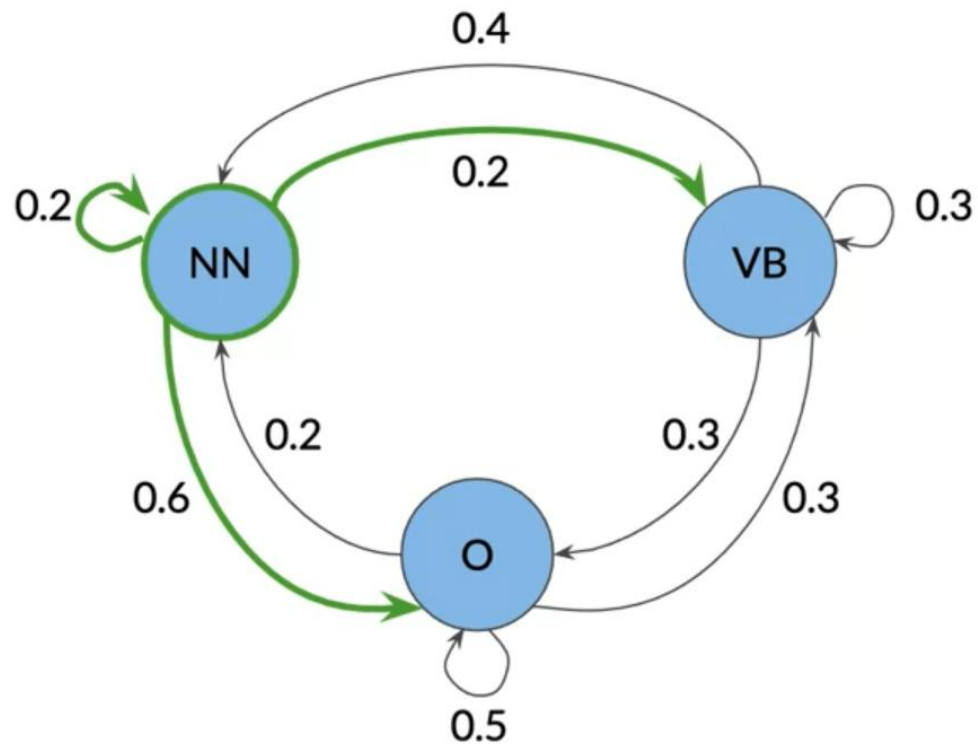
Why not **learn** something?

Transition probabilities



Why not learn something?

The transition matrix

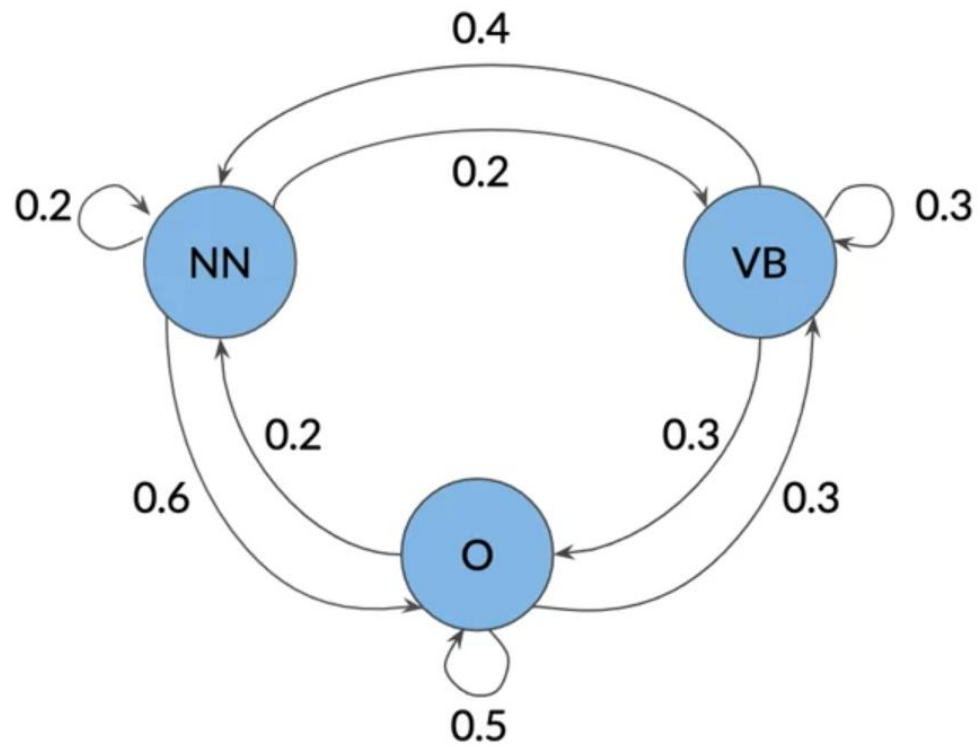


$A =$

	NN	VB	O
NN (noun)	0.2	0.2	0.6
VB (verb)	0.4	0.3	0.3
O (other)	0.2	0.3	0.5

$$\sum_{j=1}^N a_{ij} = 1$$

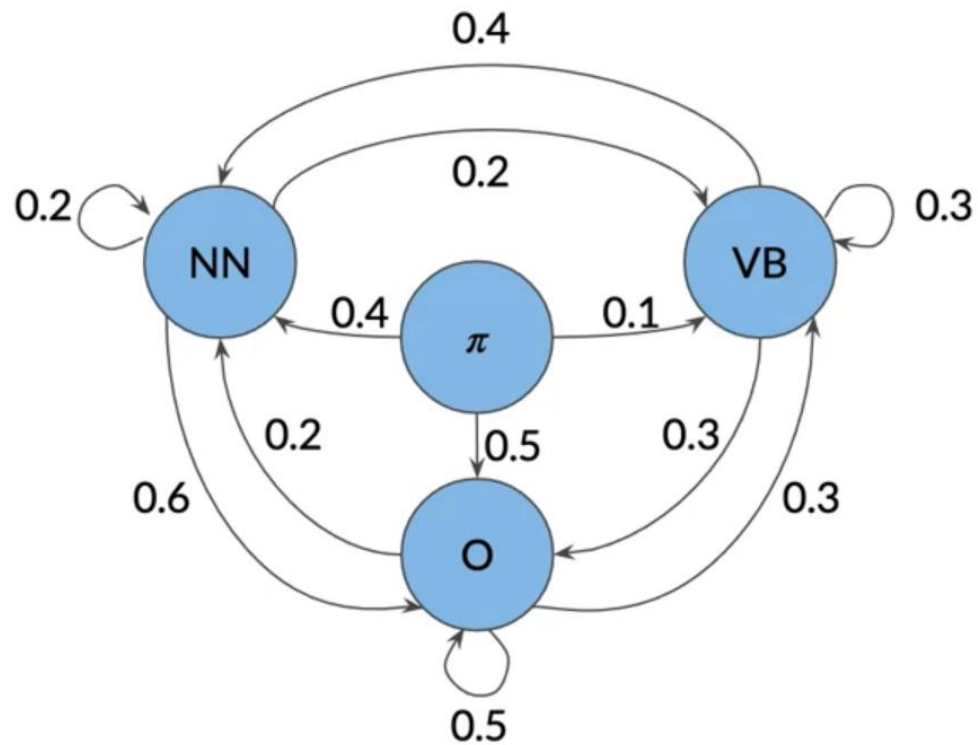
The first word



Why not learn something?

NN?
VB?
O?

Initial probabilities



$A =$

	NN	VB	O
π (initial)	0.4	0.1	0.5
NN (noun)	0.2	0.2	0.6
VB (verb)	0.4	0.3	0.3
O (other)	0.2	0.3	0.5

Transition table and matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O
π (initial)	0.4	0.1	0.5
NN (noun)	0.2	0.2	0.6
VB (verb)	0.4	0.3	0.3
O (other)	0.2	0.3	0.5

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0.4 & 0.1 & 0.5 \\ 0.2 & 0.2 & 0.6 \\ 0.4 & 0.3 & 0.3 \\ 0.2 & 0.3 & 0.5 \end{pmatrix}$$

Summary

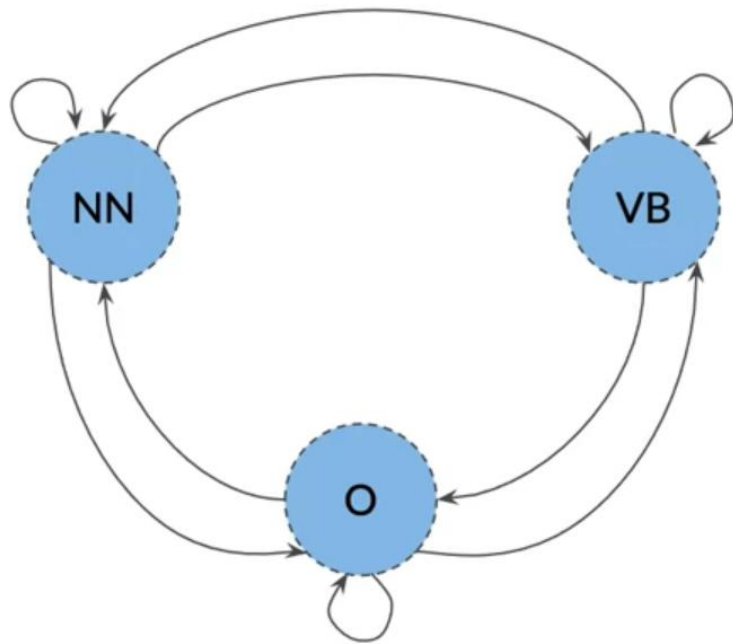
States

$$Q = \{q_1, \dots, q_N\}$$

Transition matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} a_{1,1} & \dots & a_{1,N} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ a_{N+1,1} & \dots & a_{N+1,N} \end{pmatrix}$$

Hidden Markov Model



 hidden states

you



jump = verb

machine



jump = ?

you



jump = verb
run = verb
fly = verb

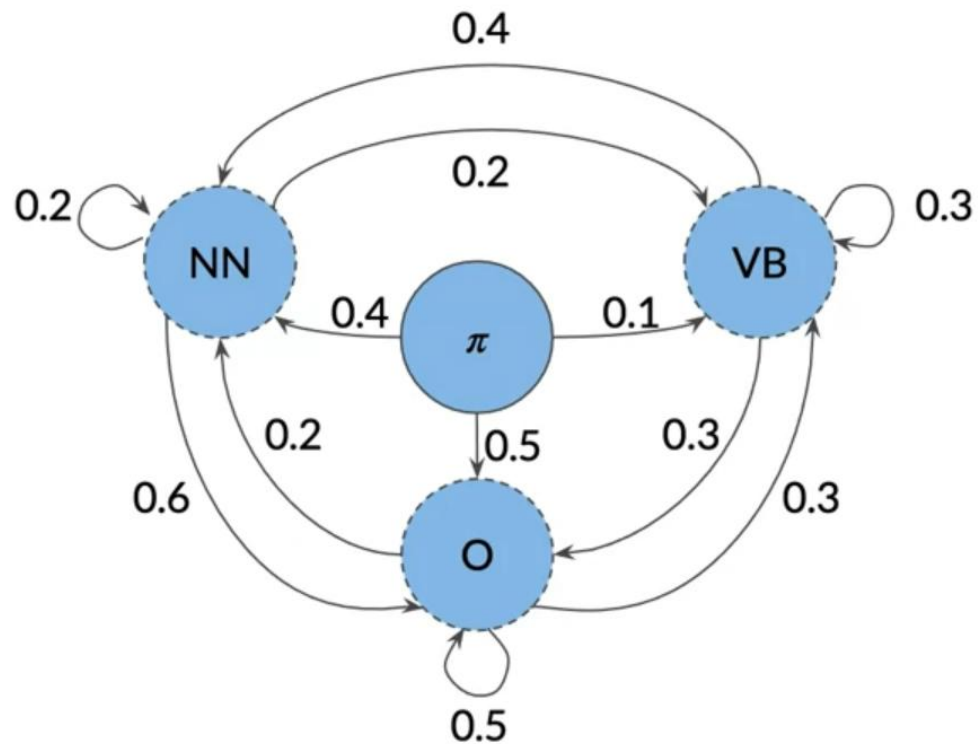
machine



jump*
run
fly

*observable

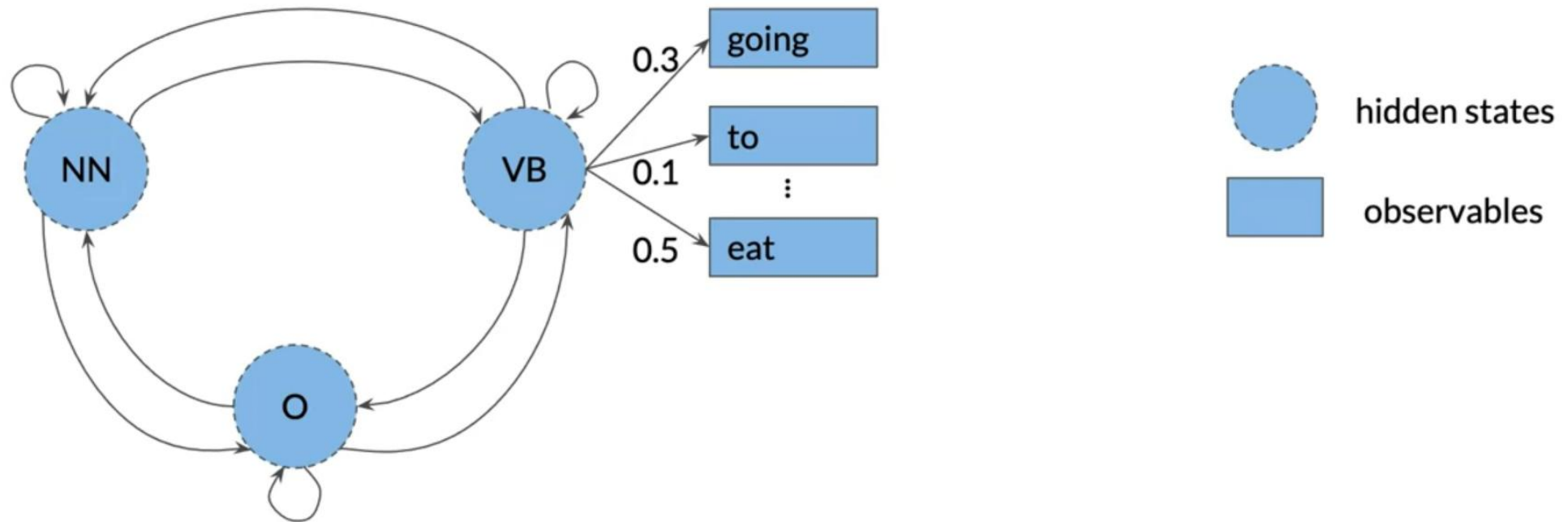
Transition probabilities



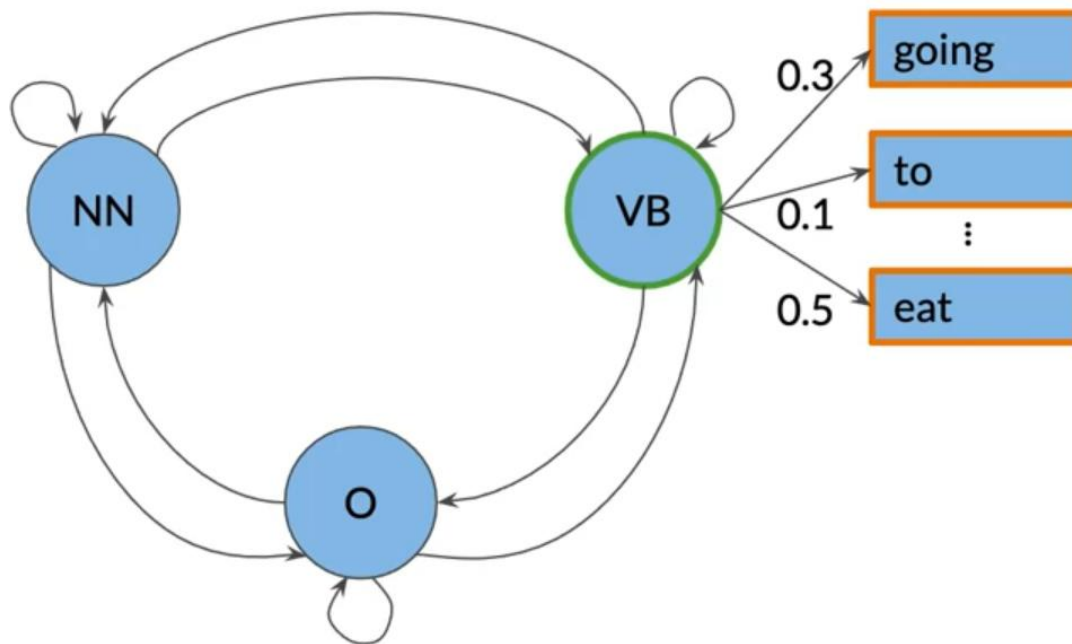
$A =$

	NN	VB	O
π (initial)	0.4	0.1	0.5
NN (noun)	0.2	0.2	0.6
VB (verb)	0.4	0.3	0.3
O (other)	0.2	0.3	0.5

Emission probabilities



Emission probabilities



$B =$

	going	to	eat	...
NN (noun)	0.5	0.1	0.02	
VB (verb)	0.3	0.1	0.5	
O (other)	0.3	0.5	0.68	

The emission matrix

$B =$

	going	to	eat	...
NN (noun)	0.5	0.1	0.02	
VB (verb)	0.3	0.1	0.5	
O (other)	0.3	0.5	0.68	

$$\sum_{j=1}^V b_{ij} = 1$$

He lay on his back.

I'll be back.

Summary

States

$$Q = \{q_1, \dots, q_N\}$$

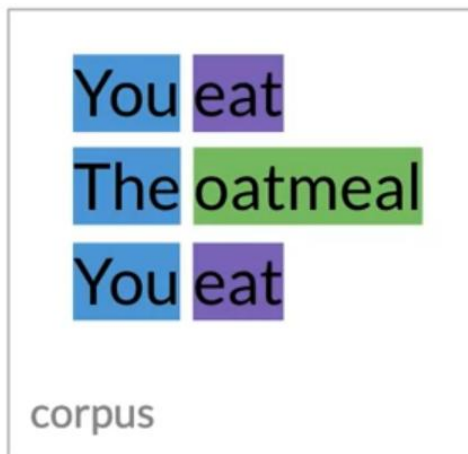
Transition matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} a_{1,1} & \dots & a_{1,N} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ a_{N+1,1} & \dots & a_{N+1,N} \end{pmatrix}$$

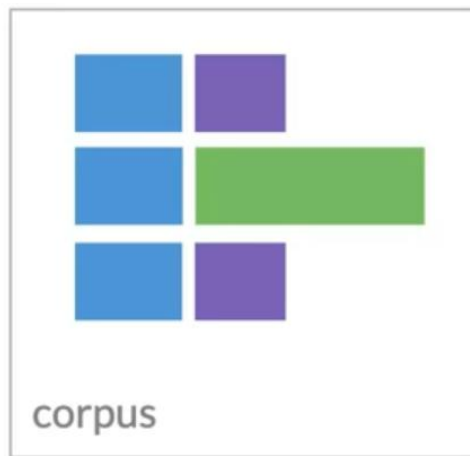
Emission matrix

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} b_{11} & \dots & b_{1V} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ b_{N1} & \dots & b_{NV} \end{pmatrix}$$

Transition probabilities



Transition probabilities

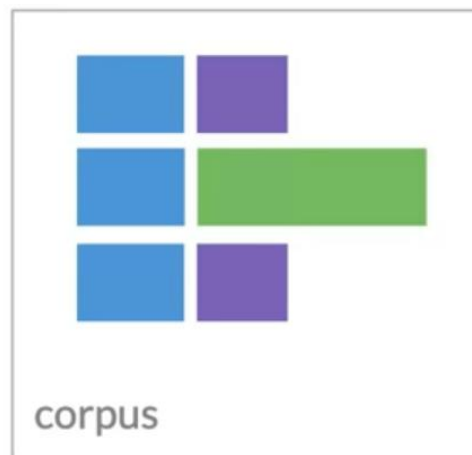


Count: 2



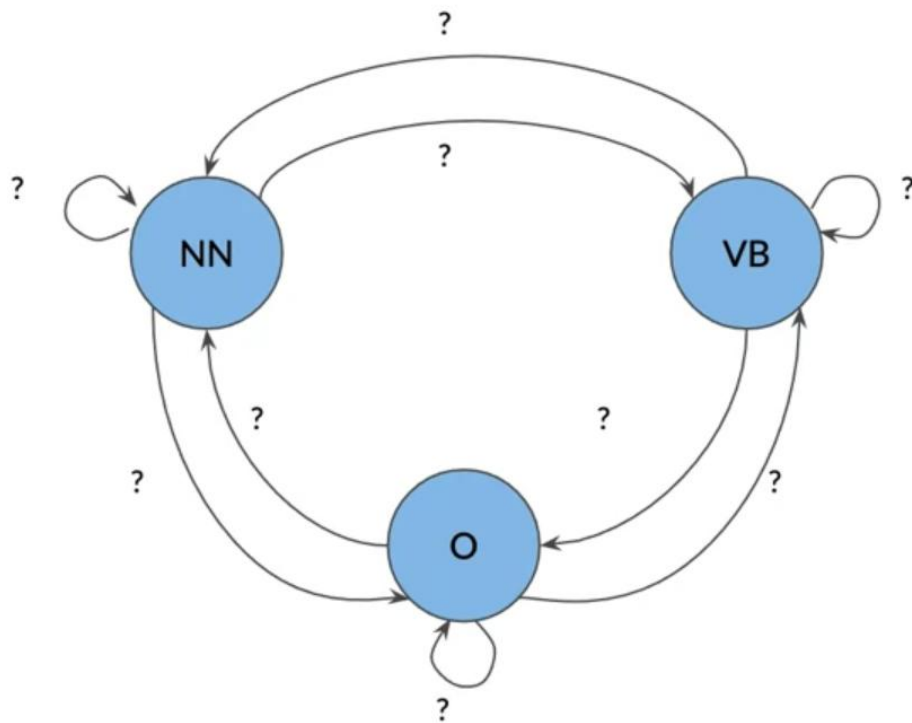
Count: 3

Transition probabilities



transition probability:  +  = $\frac{2}{3}$

Transition probabilities



1. Count occurrences of tag pairs

$$C(t_{i-1}, t_i)$$

2. Calculate probabilities using the counts

$$P(t_i|t_{i-1}) = \frac{C(t_{i-1}, t_i)}{\sum_{j=1}^N C(t_{i-1}, t_j)}$$

The corpus

In a Station of the Metro

The apparition of these faces in the crowd :
Petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound – 1913

Preparation of the corpus

<s> In a Station of the Metro
<s> The apparition of these faces in the crowd :
<s> Petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound – 1913

Preparation of the corpus

<s> in a station of the metro
<s> the apparition of these faces in the crowd :
<s> petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound – 1913

Populating the transition matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O
π	$C(\pi, NN)$		
NN (noun)	$C(NN, NN)$		
VB (verb)	$C(VB, NN)$		
O (other)	$C(O, NN)$		

<s> in a station of the metro

<s> the apparition of these faces in the crowd :

<s> petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound – 1913

Populating the transition matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O
π	1		
NN (noun)	$C(\text{NN}, \text{NN})$		
VB (verb)	$C(\text{VB}, \text{NN})$		
O (other)	$C(\text{O}, \text{NN})$		

<s> in a station of the metro

<s> the apparition of these faces in the crowd :

<s> petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound – 1913

Populating the transition matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O
π	1		
NN (noun)	0		
VB (verb)	$C(\text{VB}, \text{NN})$		
O (other)	$C(\text{O}, \text{NN})$		

<s> in a station of the metro

<s> the apparition of these faces in the crowd :

<s> petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound – 1913

Populating the transition matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O
π	1		
NN (noun)	0		
VB (verb)	0		
O (other)	6		

<s> in a station of the metro
<s> the apparition of these faces in the crowd :
<s> petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound – 1913

Populating the transition matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O
π	1	0	
NN (noun)	0	0	
VB (verb)	0	0	0
O (other)	6	0	

<s> in a station of the metro

<s> the apparition of these faces in the crowd :

<s> petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound – 1913

Populating the transition matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O
π	1	0	2
NN (noun)	0	0	
VB (verb)	0	0	0
O (other)	6	0	

<s> in a station of the metro

<s> the apparition of these faces in the crowd :

<s> petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound – 1913

Populating the transition matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O
π	1	0	2
NN (noun)	0	0	6
VB (verb)	0	0	0
O (other)	6	0	

<s> in a station of the metro
<s> the apparition of these faces in the crowd :
<s> petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound – 1913

Populating the transition matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O
π	1	0	2
NN (noun)	0	0	6
VB (verb)	0	0	0
O (other)	6	0	8

<s> in a station of the metro
<s> the apparition of these faces in the crowd :
<s> petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound – 1913

Populating the transition matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O
π	1	0	2
NN	0	0	6
VB	0	0	0
O	6	0	8

$$P(t_i|t_{i-1}) = \frac{C(t_{i-1}, t_i)}{\sum_{j=1}^N C(t_{i-1}, t_j)}$$

Populating the transition matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O	
π	1	0	2	3
NN	0	0	6	6
VB	0	0	0	0
O	6	0	8	14

$$P(\text{NN}|\pi) = \frac{C(\pi, \text{NN})}{\sum_{j=1}^N C(\pi, t_j)} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Populating the transition matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O	
π	1	0	2	3
NN	0	0	6	6
VB	0	0	0	0
O	6	0	8	14

$$P(\text{NN}|\text{O}) = \frac{C(\text{O}, \text{NN})}{\sum_{j=1}^N C(\text{O}, t_j)} = \frac{6}{14}$$

Populating the transition matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O	
π	1	0	2	3
NN	0	0	6	6
VB	0	0	0	0
O	6	0	8	14

$$P(t_i|t_{i-1}) = \frac{C(t_{i-1}, t_i)}{\sum_{j=1}^N C(t_{i-1}, t_j)}$$

Smoothing

$A =$

	NN	VB	O	
π	$1+\epsilon$	$0+\epsilon$	$2+\epsilon$	$3+3*\epsilon$
NN	$0+\epsilon$	$0+\epsilon$	$6+\epsilon$	$6+3*\epsilon$
VB	$0+\epsilon$	$0+\epsilon$	$0+\epsilon$	$0+3*\epsilon$
O	$6+\epsilon$	$0+\epsilon$	$8+\epsilon$	$14+3*\epsilon$

$$P(t_i|t_{i-1}) = \frac{C(t_{i-1}, t_i) + \epsilon}{\sum_{j=1}^N C(t_{i-1}, t_j) + N * \epsilon}$$

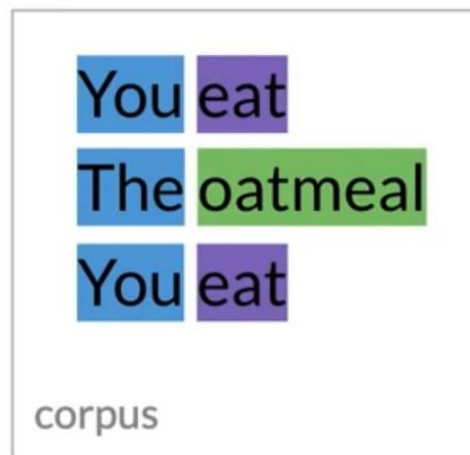
Smoothing

$A =$

	NN	VB	O
π	0.3333	0.0003	0.6663
NN	0.0001	0.0001	0.9996
VB	0.3333	0.3333	0.3333
O	0.4285	0.0000	0.5713

$$P(t_i|t_{i-1}) = \frac{C(t_{i-1}, t_i) + \epsilon}{\sum_{j=1}^N C(t_{i-1}, t_j) + N * \epsilon}$$

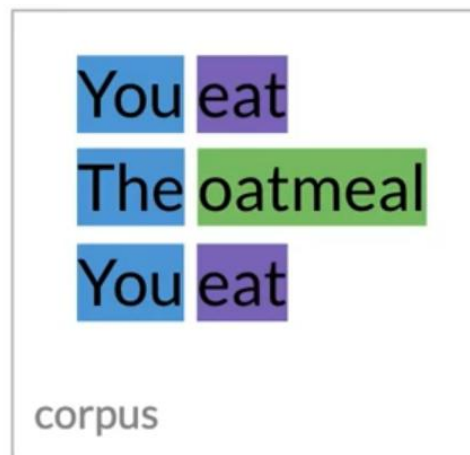
Emission probabilities



You
Count: 2


Count: 3

Emission probabilities



emission probability: You = $\frac{2}{3}$

The emission matrix

$B =$

	in	a	...
NN (noun)	$C(\text{NN}, \text{in})$		
VB (verb)	$C(\text{VB}, \text{in})$		
O (other)	$C(\text{O}, \text{in})$		

<s> in a station of the metro
<s> the apparition of these faces in the crowd :
<s> petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound – 1913

The emission matrix

$B =$

	in	a	...
NN (noun)	0		
VB (verb)	0		
O (other)	2		

<s> in a station of the metro
<s> the apparition of these faces in the crowd :
<s> petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound – 1913

The emission matrix

$B =$

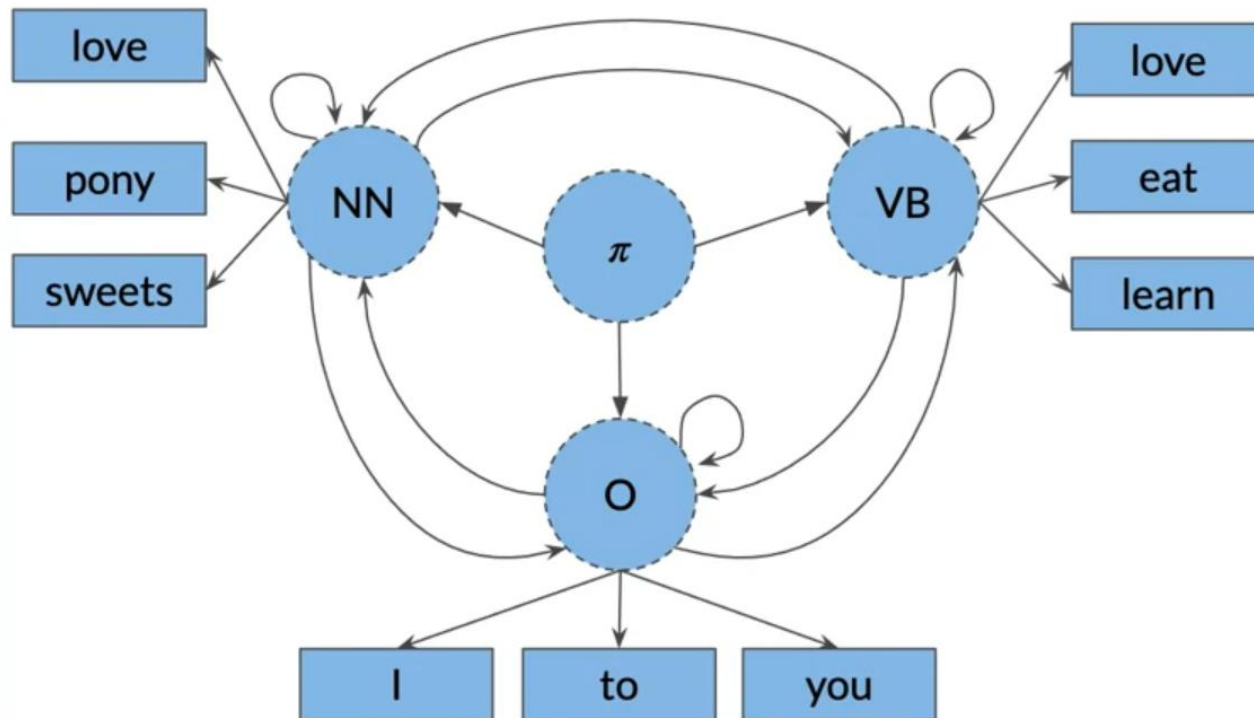
	in	a	...
NN (noun)	0	...	...
VB (verb)	0	...	...
O (other)	2	...	...

$$\begin{aligned} P(w_i|t_i) &= \frac{C(t_i, w_i) + \epsilon}{\sum_{j=1}^V C(t_i, w_j) + N * \epsilon} \\ &= \frac{C(t_i, w_i) + \epsilon}{C(t_i) + N * \epsilon} \end{aligned}$$

Summary

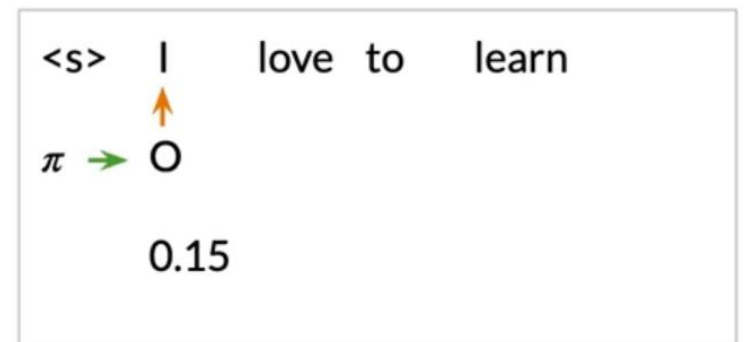
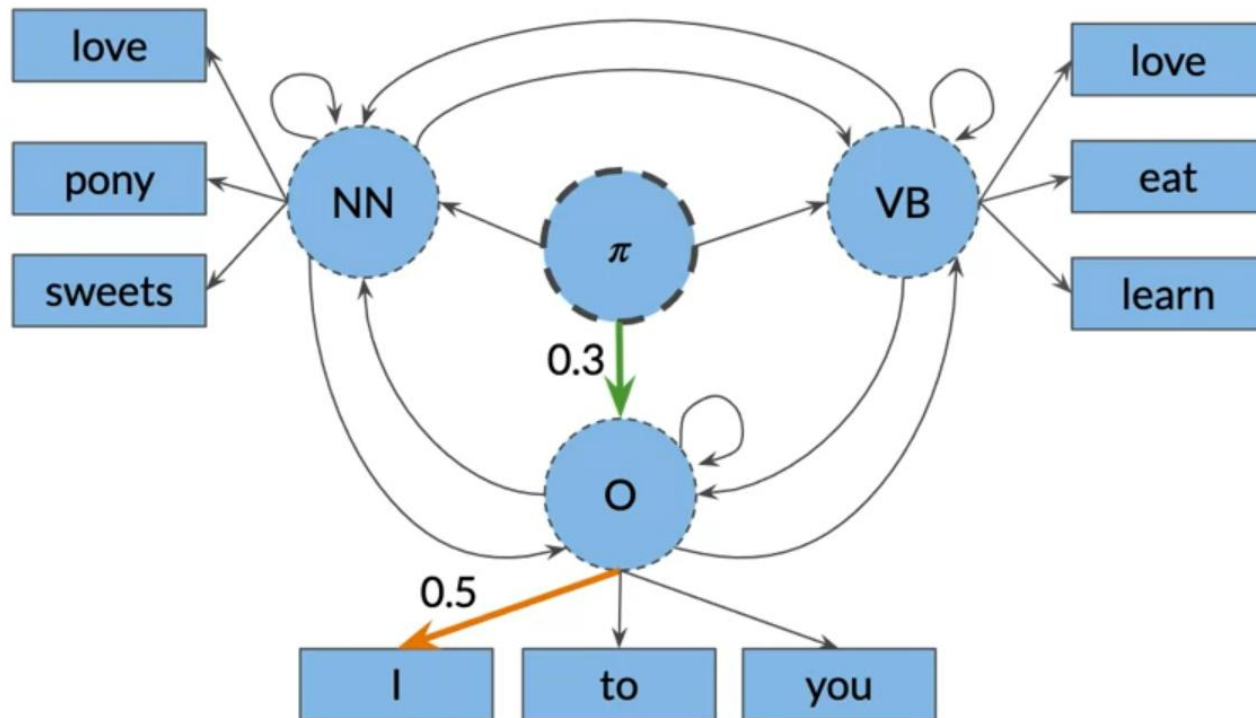
1. Calculate transition and emission matrix
2. How to apply smoothing

Viterbi algorithm – a graph algorithm

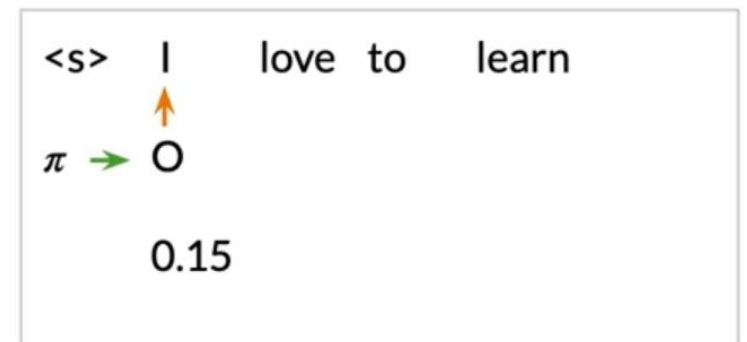
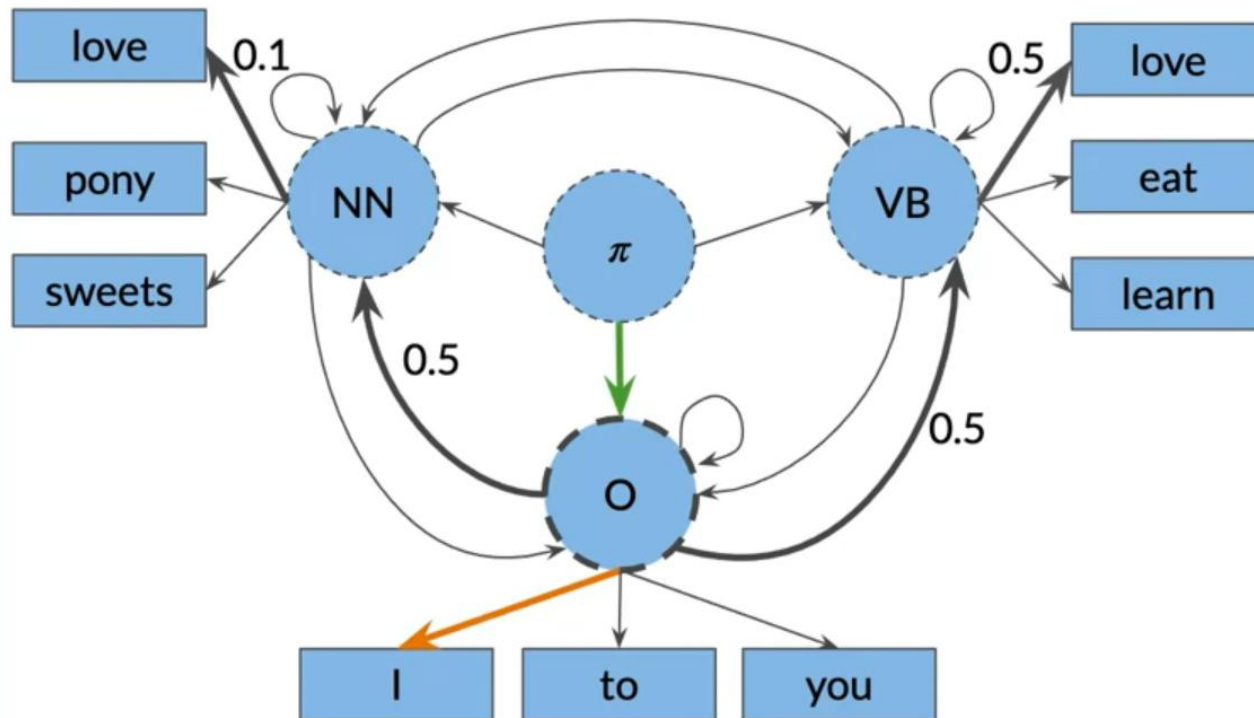


<s> I love to learn

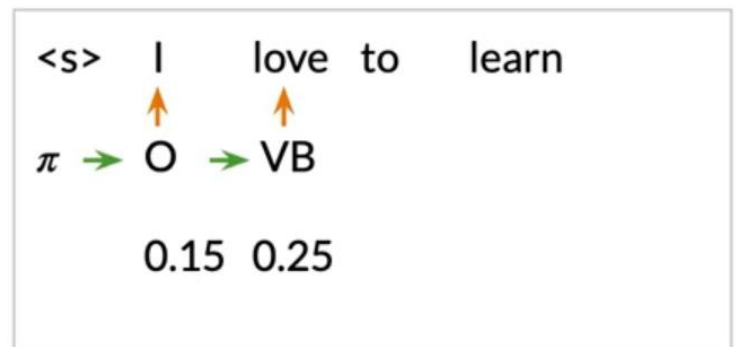
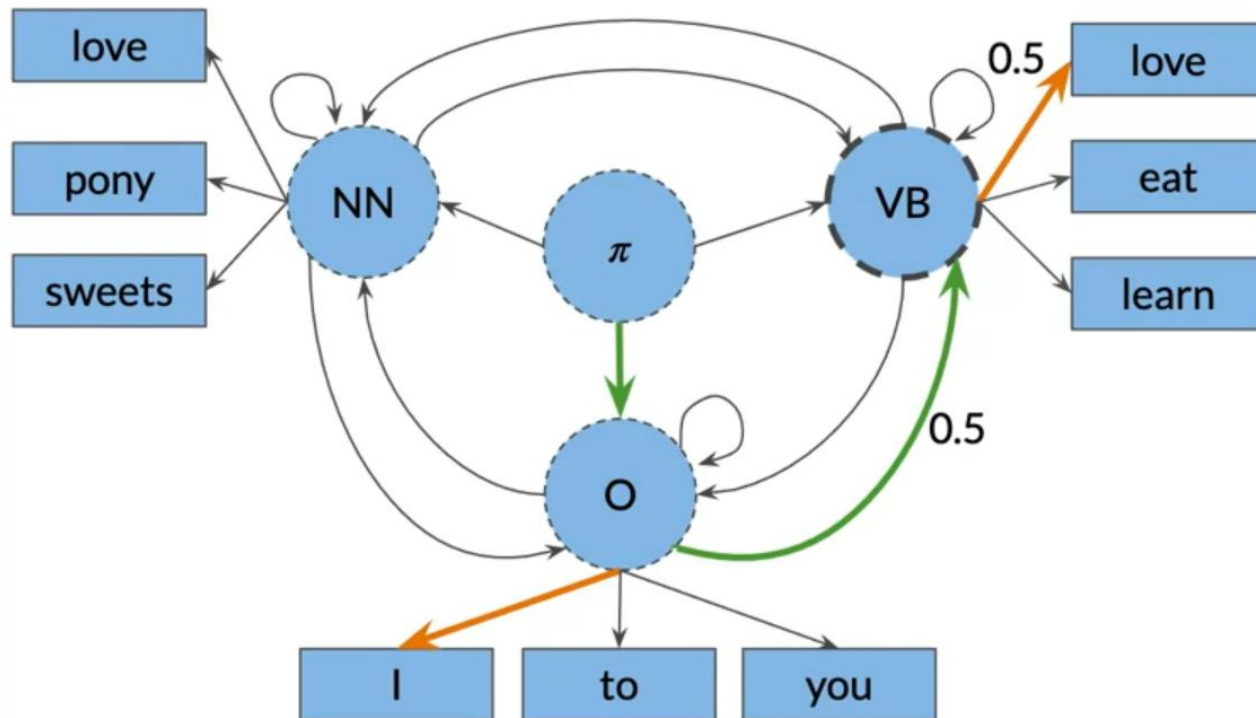
Viterbi algorithm – a graph algorithm



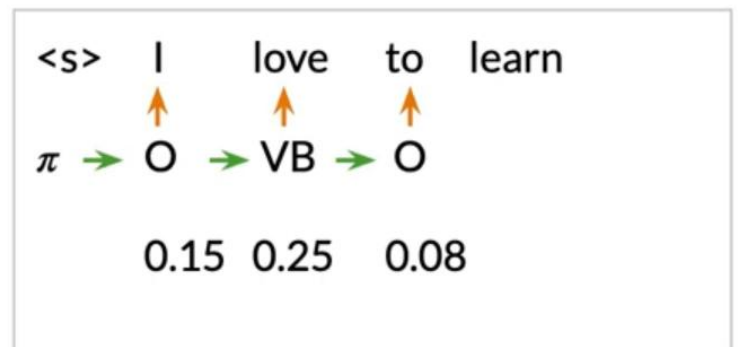
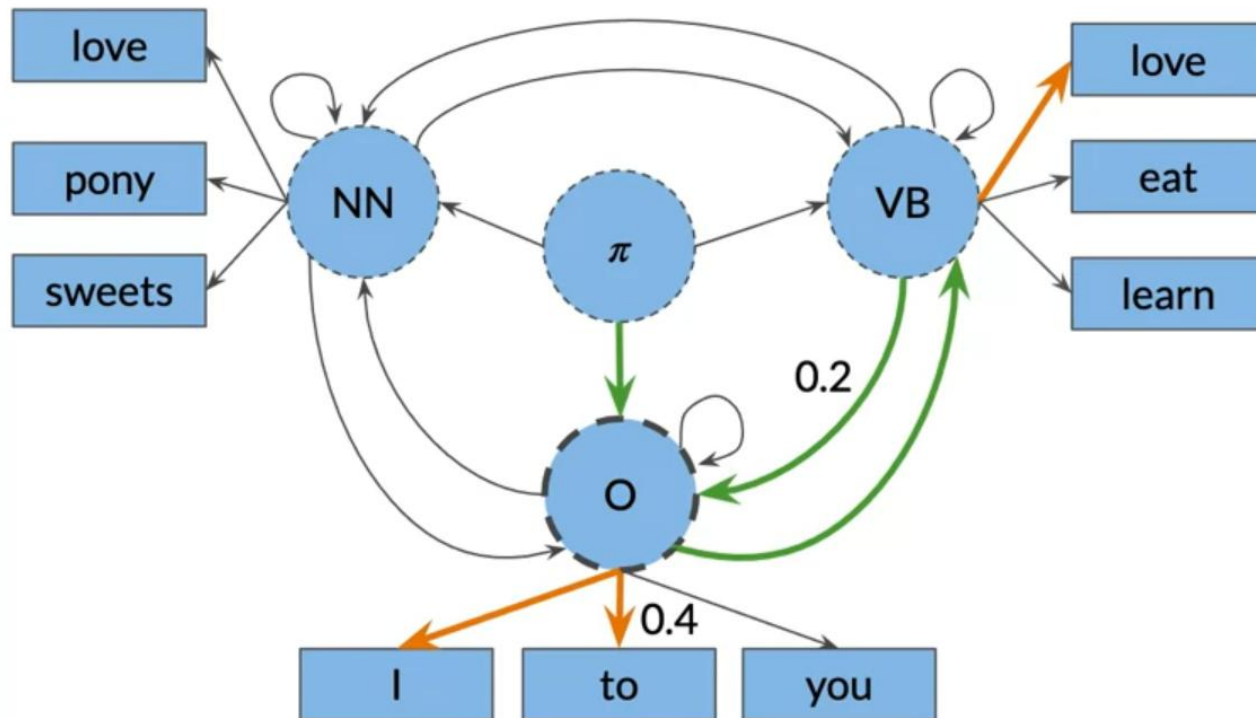
Viterbi algorithm – a graph algorithm



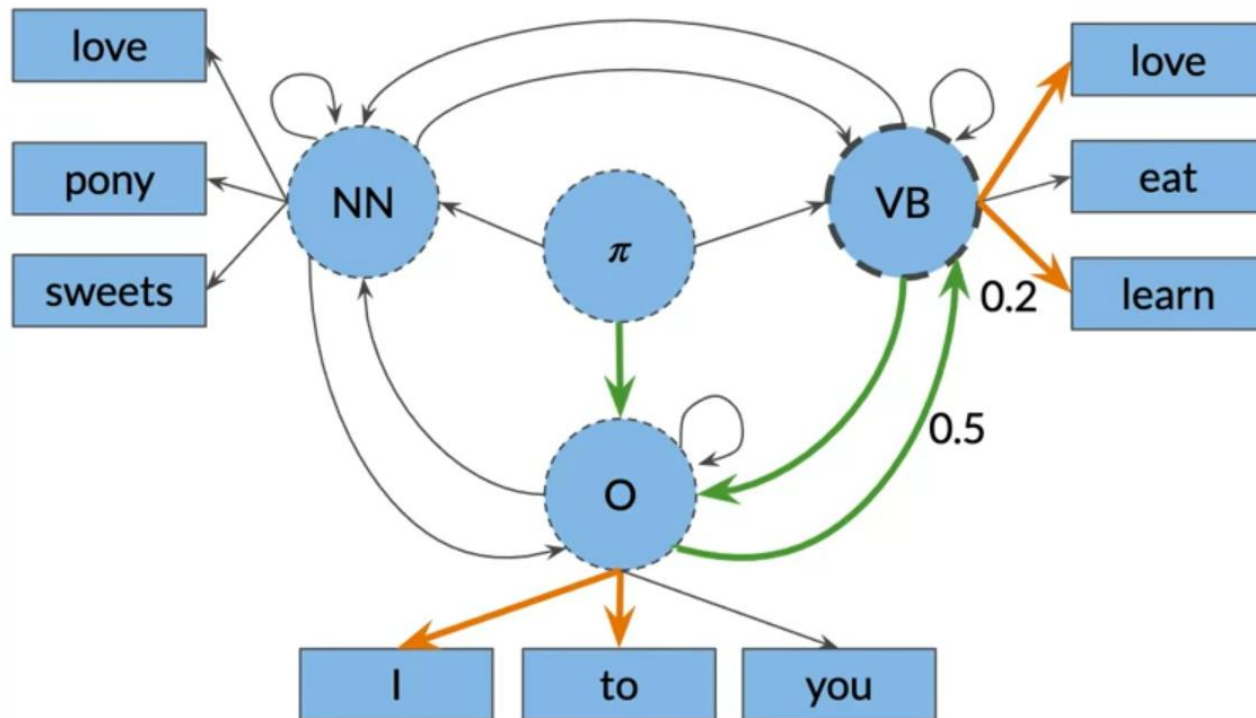
Viterbi algorithm – a graph algorithm



Viterbi algorithm – a graph algorithm

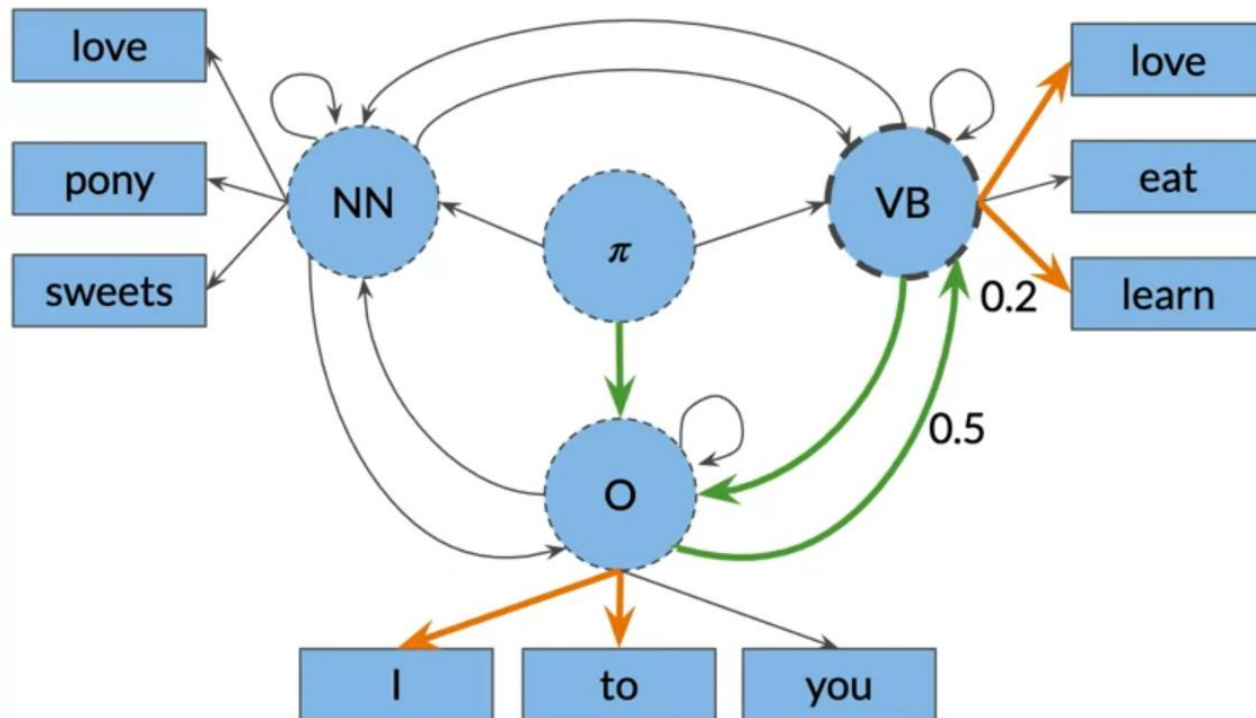


Viterbi algorithm – a graph algorithm



<s>	I	love	to	learn
	$\uparrow$	$\uparrow$	$\uparrow$	$\uparrow$
π	$\rightarrow$ O	$\rightarrow$ VB	$\rightarrow$ O	$\rightarrow$ VB
	0.15	0.25	0.08	0.1

Viterbi algorithm – a graph algorithm



<s> I love to learn
↑ ↑ ↑ ↑
 $\pi \rightarrow O \rightarrow VB \rightarrow O \rightarrow VB$
 $0.15 * 0.25 * 0.08 * 0.1$

Probability for this sequence of hidden states: 0.0003

Viterbi algorithm – Steps

1. Initialization step
2. Forward pass
3. Backward pass

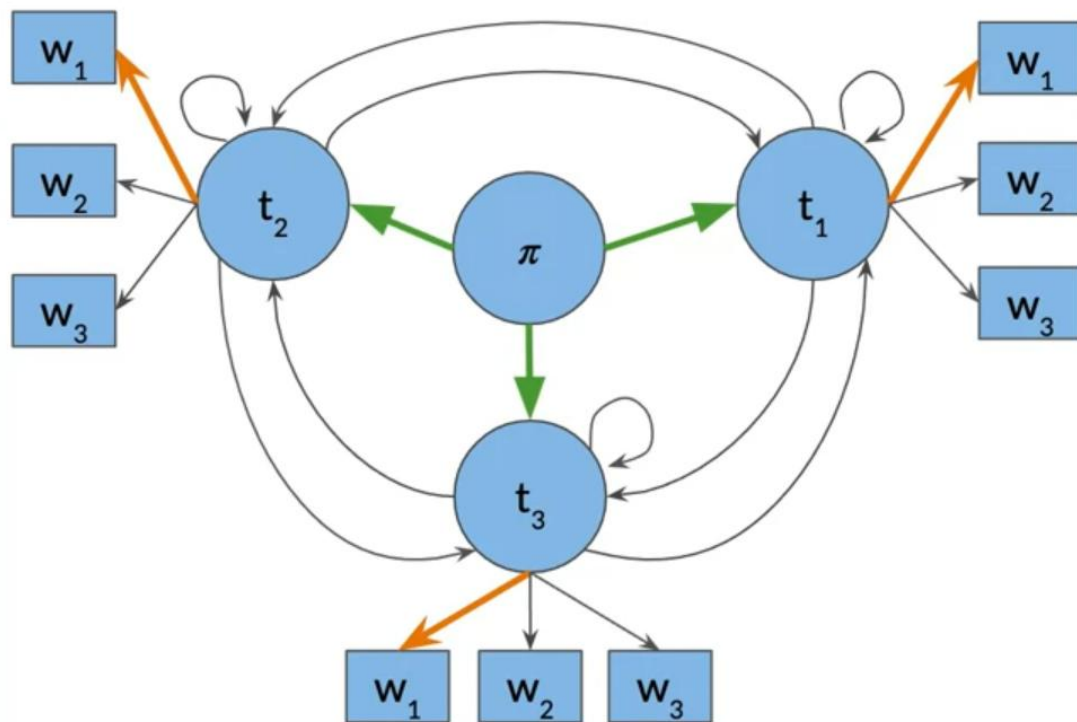
$C =$

	w_1	w_2	...	w_K
t_1				
...				
t_N				

$D =$

	w_1	w_2	...	w_K
t_1				
...				
t_N				

Initialization step



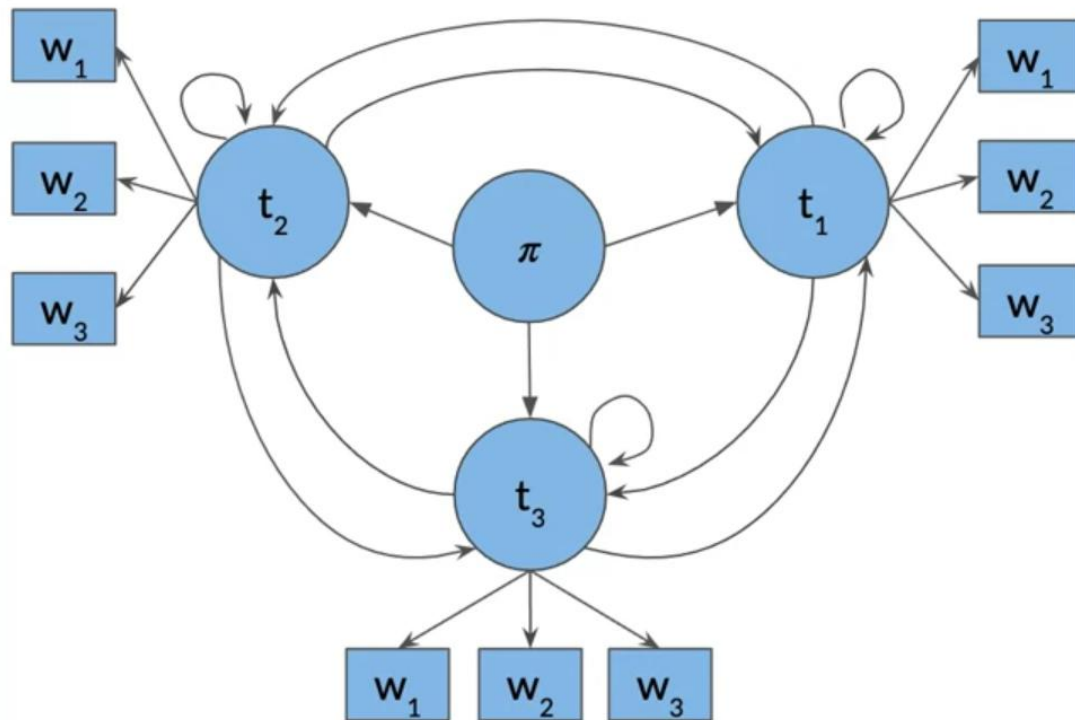
$C =$

	w_1	w_2	...	w_K
t_1	$c_{1,1}$			
...				
t_N	$c_{N,1}$			

$$c_{i,1} = \pi_i * b_{i, \text{index}(w_1)}$$

$$= a_{1,i} * b_{i, \text{index}(w_1)}$$

Initialization step

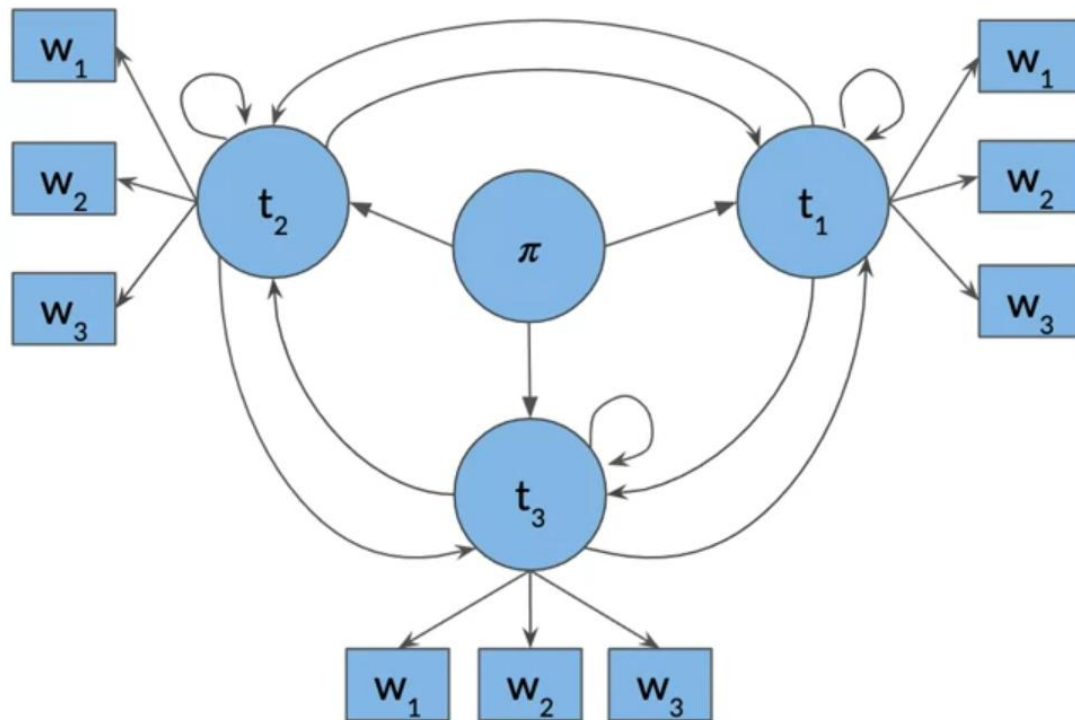


$D =$

	w_1	w_2	...	w_K
t_1	$d_{1,1}$			
...				
t_N	$d_{N,1}$			

$$d_{i,1} = 0$$

Forward pass

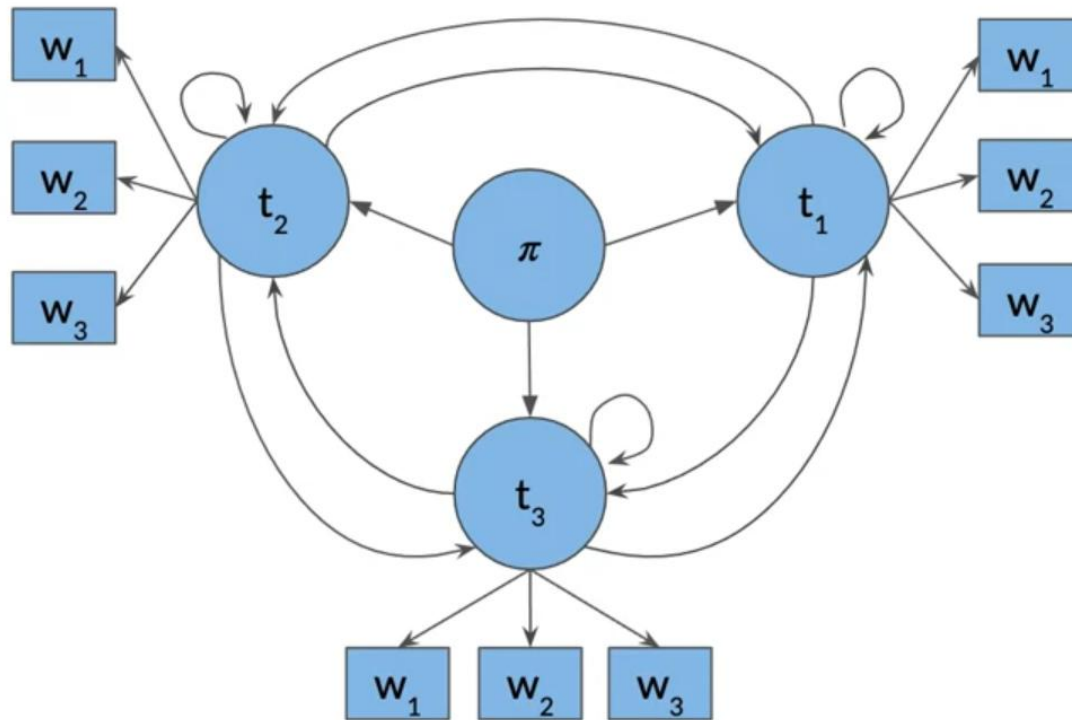


$$C =$$

	w_1	w_2	...	w_K
t_1	$c_{1,1}$	$c_{1,2}$		$c_{1,K}$
...				
t_N	$c_{N,1}$	$c_{N,2}$		$c_{N,K}$

$$c_{i,j} = \max_k c_{k,j-1} * a_{k,i} * b_{i, \text{index}(w_j)}$$

Forward pass

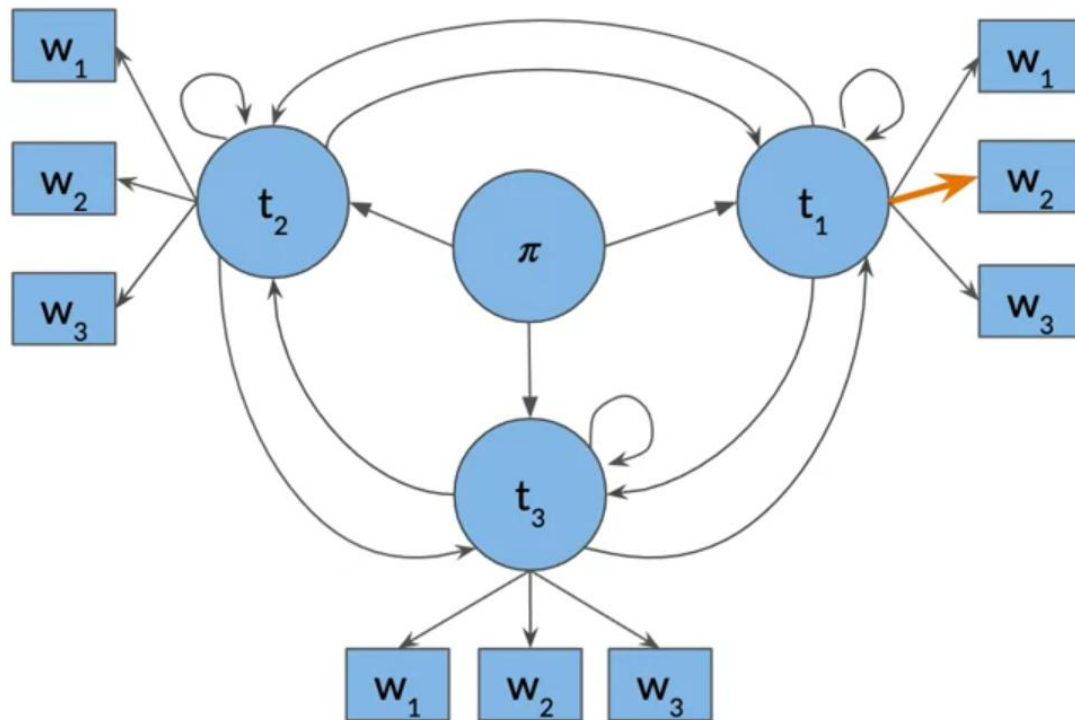


$$C =$$

	w_1	w_2	...	w_K
t_1	$c_{1,1}$	$c_{1,2}$		$c_{1,K}$
...				
t_N	$c_{N,1}$	$c_{N,2}$		$c_{N,K}$

$$c_{1,2} = \max_k c_{k,1} * a_{k,1} * b_{1, \text{index}(w_2)}$$

Forward pass

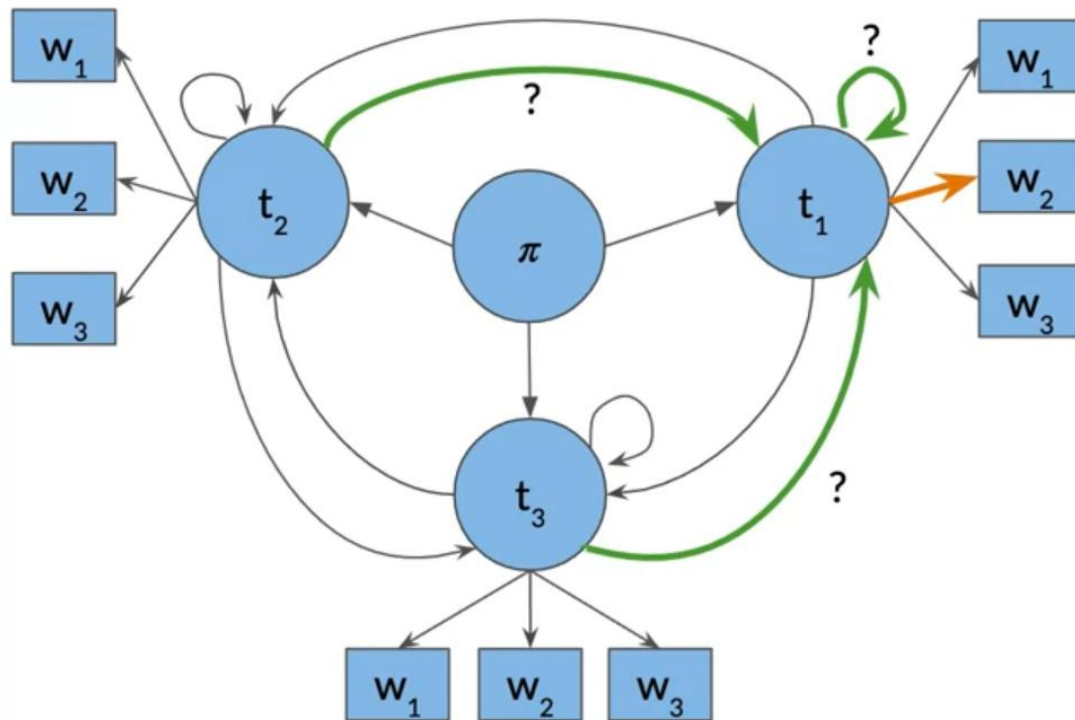


$$C =$$

	w_1	w_2	...	w_K
t_1	$c_{1,1}$	$c_{1,2}$		$c_{1,K}$
...				
t_N	$c_{N,1}$	$c_{N,2}$		$c_{N,K}$

$$c_{1,2} = \max_k c_{k,1} * a_{k,1} * b_{1, \text{cindex}(w_2)}$$

Forward pass

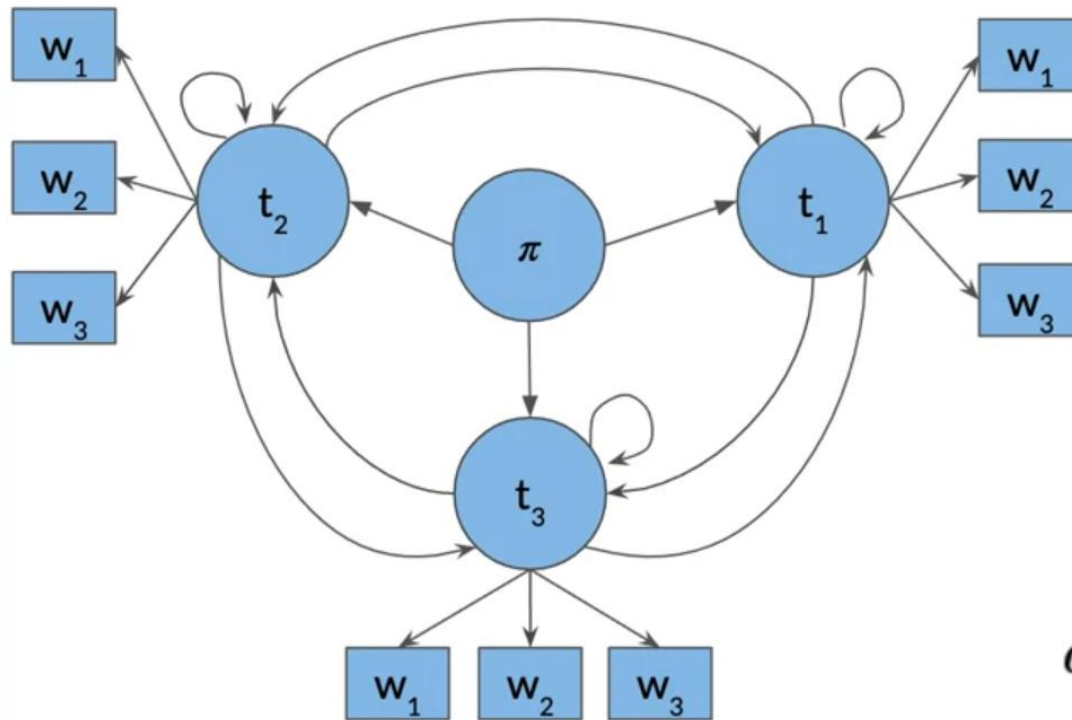


$$C =$$

	w_1	w_2	...	w_K
t_1	$c_{1,1}$	$c_{1,2}$		$c_{1,K}$
...				
t_N	$c_{N,1}$	$c_{N,2}$		$c_{N,K}$

$$c_{1,2} = \max_k c_{k,1} * a_{k,1} * b_{1, \text{cindex}(w_2)}$$

Forward pass



$D =$

	w_1	w_2	...	w_K
t_1	$d_{1,1}$	$d_{1,2}$		$d_{1,K}$
...				
t_N	$d_{N,1}$	$d_{N,2}$		$d_{N,K}$

$$c_{i,j} = \max_k c_{k,j-1} * a_{k,i} * b_{i, \text{index}(w_j)}$$

$$d_{i,j} = \operatorname{argmax}_k c_{k,j-1} * a_{k,i} * b_{i, \text{index}(w_j)}$$

Backward pass

 $C =$

	w_1	w_2	...	w_K
t_1	$c_{1,1}$	$c_{1,2}$		$c_{1,K}$
...				
t_N	$c_{N,1}$	$c_{N,2}$		$c_{N,K}$

$$s = \operatorname{argmax}_i c_{i,K}$$

 $D =$

	w_1	w_2	...	w_K
t_1	$d_{1,1}$	$d_{1,2}$		$d_{1,K}$
...				
t_N	$d_{N,1}$	$d_{N,2}$		$d_{N,K}$

Backward pass

$D =$

	w_1	w_2	w_3	w_4	w_5
t_1	0	1	3	2	3
t_2	0	2	4	1	3
t_3	0	2	4	1	4
t_4	0	4	4	3	1

<s> w1 w2 w3 w4 w5

Backward pass

$D =$

	w_1	w_2	w_3	w_4	w_5
t_1	0	1	3	2	3
t_2	0	2	4	1	3
t_3	0	2	4	1	4
t_4	0	4	4	3	1

$s = \operatorname{argmax}_i c_{i,K} = 1$

<s> w1 w2 w3 w4 w5

Backward pass

$D =$

	w_1	w_2	w_3	w_4	w_5
t_1	0	1	3	2	3
t_2	0	2	4	1	3
t_3	0	2	4	1	4
t_4	0	4	4	3	1

<s>	w1	w2	w3	w4	w5
					t_1

Backward pass

$D =$

	w_1	w_2	w_3	w_4	w_5
t_1	0	1	3	2	3
t_2	0	2	4	1	3
t_3	0	2	4	1	4
t_4	0	4	4	3	1



<s>	w1	w2	w3	w4	w5
				$t_3 \leftarrow t_1$	

Backward pass

$D =$

	w_1	w_2	w_3	w_4	w_5
t_1	0	1	3	2	3
t_2	0	2	4	1	3
t_3	0	2	4	1	4
t_4	0	4	4	3	1

<s> w1 w2 w3 w4 w5
 $t_1 \leftarrow t_3 \leftarrow t_1$

Backward pass

$D =$

	w_1	w_2	w_3	w_4	w_5
t_1	0	1	3	2	3
t_2	0	2	4	1	3
t_3	0	2	4	1	4
t_4	0	4	4	3	1

<s> w1 w2 w3 w4 w5
 $t_3 \leftarrow t_1 \leftarrow t_3 \leftarrow t_1$

Backward pass

$D =$

	w_1	w_2	w_3	w_4	w_5
t_1	0	1	3	2	3
t_2	0	2	4	1	3
t_3	0	2	4	1	4
t_4	0	4	4	3	1

<s>	w1	w2	w3	w4	w5
π	$\leftarrow t_2$	$\leftarrow t_3$	$\leftarrow t_1$	$\leftarrow t_3$	$\leftarrow t_1$

Implementation notes

1. In Python index starts with 0!
2. Use log probabilities

$$c_{i,j} = \max_k c_{k,j-1} * a_{k,i} * b_{i, \text{index}(w_j)}$$



$$\log(c_{i,j}) = \max_k \log(c_{k,j-1}) + \log(a_{k,i}) + \log(b_{i, \text{index}(w_j)})$$